110TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 2801

To help families avoid foreclosure and stay in their homes by encouraging reasonable and responsible modifications for unworkable and impractical mortgage loans, and to help preserve the rights of investors by reaffirming the basic obligations of their investment agents to achieve the most beneficial outcomes for their clients and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 2, 2008

Mr. Reid (for Mrs. Clinton) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs

A BILL

To help families avoid foreclosure and stay in their homes by encouraging reasonable and responsible modifications for unworkable and impractical mortgage loans, and to help preserve the rights of investors by reaffirming the basic obligations of their investment agents to achieve the most beneficial outcomes for their clients and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Mortgage Enhance-
- 5 ment and Modification Act of 2008".

1	SEC. 2. SAFE HARBOR FOR QUALIFIED LOAN MODIFICA-
2	TIONS OR WORKOUT PLANS FOR CERTAIN
3	RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE LOANS.
4	(a) Standard for Loan Modifications or Work-
5	OUT PLANS.—Absent specific contractual provisions to the
6	contrary—
7	(1) the duty to maximize or not negatively af-
8	fect, the recovery of total proceeds from pooled resi-
9	dential mortgage loans is owed by a servicer of such
10	pooled loans to the securitization vehicle for the ben-
11	efit of all investors and holders of beneficial interests
12	in the pooled loans, in the aggregate, and not to any
13	individual party or group of parties;
14	(2) a servicer of pooled residential mortgage
15	loans shall be deemed to be acting on behalf of the
16	securitization vehicle in the best interest of all inves-
17	tors and holders of beneficial interests in the pooled
18	loans, in the aggregate if—
19	(A) for a loan that is in payment default
20	under the loan agreement or for which payment
21	default is imminent or reasonably foreseeable,
22	the loan servicer makes reasonable and docu-
23	mented efforts, which shall be made available to
24	the investors and holders of beneficial interests
25	in the pooled loans upon request, to implement
26	a modification or workout plan; or

1	(B) the efforts under subparagraph (A)
2	are unsuccessful or such plan would be infeasi-
3	ble, engages in other loss mitigation, including
4	accepting a short payment or partial discharge
5	of principal, or agreeing to a short sale of the
6	property, to the extent that the servicer reason-
7	ably believes the modification or workout plan
8	or other mitigation actions will maximize the
9	net present value to be realized on the loans
10	over that which would be realized through fore-
11	closure under the present terms of the contract;
12	and
13	(3) a servicer shall be deemed to be acting on
14	behalf of the securitization vehicle in the best inter-
15	est of all investors and holders of beneficial interests
16	in the pooled loans, in the aggregate, if the servicer
17	makes efforts—
18	(A) to proactively contact borrowers that
19	are reasonably considered to be approaching a
20	calendar date in which a predetermined or con-
21	tractually established rate of interest on the
22	principal of the loan shall—
23	(i) increase or fluctuate in accordance
24	with a designated market indicator or indi-
25	cators; or

1	(ii) increase or fluctuate within a pre-
2	determined range; and
3	(B) to determine—
4	(i) the ability of the borrower to make
5	payments following a reset of interest rates
6	using common and appropriate metric
7	standards such as debt to income ratios;
8	(ii) whether the borrower is in danger
9	of default or disclosure; and
10	(iii) whether a loan modification or
11	other mitigation effort is appropriate.
12	(b) SAFE HARBOR.—Absent specific contractual pro-
13	visions to the contrary, a servicer of a residential mortgage
14	loan that acts in a manner consistent with the provisions
15	set forth in subsection (a), shall not be liable for entering
16	into a qualified loan modification, or other loss mitigation
17	effort described in subsection (a) to—
18	(1) any person, based on that person's owner-
19	ship of a residential mortgage loan or any interest
20	in a pool of residential mortgage loans or in securi-
21	ties that distribute payments out of the principal, in-
22	terest, and other payments in loans on the pool;
23	(2) any person who is obligated to make pay-
24	ments determined in reference to any loan or any in-
25	terest referred to in paragraph (1);

1	(3) any person that insures any loan or any in-
2	terest referred to in paragraph (1) under any law or
3	regulation of the United States or any law or regula-
4	tion of any State or political subdivision of any
5	State; or
6	(4) any other person or institution that may
7	have a financial or commercial relationship and asso-
8	ciation with the persons associated in paragraphs (1)
9	through (3).
10	(c) Rule of Construction.—No provision of this
11	section shall be construed as limiting the ability of a
12	servicer to enter into loan modifications or workout plans
13	other than qualified loan modification or workout plans.
14	(d) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the fol-
15	lowing definitions shall apply:
16	(1) Qualified loan modification or work-
17	OUT PLAN.—The term "qualified loan modification
18	or workout plan" means a modification or plan
19	that—
20	(A) is scheduled to remain in place until
21	the borrower sells or refinances the property, or
22	for at least 5 years from the date of adoption
23	of the plan, whichever is sooner;

1	(B) does not provide for a repayment
2	schedule that results in negative amortization
3	at any time;
4	(C) does not require the borrower to pay
5	additional points and fees;
6	(D) materially improves the ability of the
7	borrower to—
8	(i) prevent foreclosure; and
9	(ii) resume a reasonable repayment
10	schedule based on, but not limited to, debt
11	to income ratio; and
12	(E) would reasonably reduce the likelihood
13	of default of foreclosure during the life of the
14	modification or plan;
15	(F) may waive any prepayment penalties
16	that reasonably inhibited a loan holder from
17	fulfilling his ability to pay down the principal or
18	maintain regular payments as defined by the
19	terms of the loan; and
20	(G) includes full and accurate disclosure to
21	the borrower of the terms of the modification or
22	workout plan, provided that such disclosures
23	are executed in easy to understand terms that
24	demonstrate how the borrower will benefit from
25	the new terms in such modification or workout

- plan as compared with the terms and conditions
 of the previous loan of the borrower.
 - (2) Residential mortgage loan" means a loan that is secured by a lien on an owner-occupied residential dwelling.
 - (3) SECURITIZATION VEHICLE.—The term "securitization vehicle" means a trust, corporation, partnership, limited liability entity, special purpose entity, or other structure that—
 - (A) is the issuer, or is created by the issuer, of mortgage pass-through certificates, participation certificates, mortgage-backed securities, or other similar securities backed by a pool of assets that includes residential mortgage loans; and
 - (B) holds such loans.
- (e) LIMITATIONS ON SAFE HARBOR.—Except for the provisions of section 2 that limit liability for efforts to pursue qualified loan modifications or workout plans, the provisions of this section shall not be construed to affect or limit any other liability, duty, or other fiduciary obligation of the servicer to the investors and holders of beneficial interests in the pooled loans to a securitization vehicle, as prescribed by any other specific contractual provision

agreed upon, or any other liability, duty, or other fiduciary 1 2 obligation set forth under any— 3 (1) law or regulation of the United States; 4 (2) law or regulation of any State or political subdivision of any State; or 5 6 (3) established and approved standards for best 7 practices of any industry or trade group. (f) Effective Period.—This section shall apply 8 only with respect to qualified loan modification or workout

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plans initiated prior to January 1, 2012.